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(54) Releasable Connection Between Component Parts (Figure 1)

(57) A releasable connection between two component parts (e.g. of a flying body) such as a load-carrying tip 2 and a propulsion unit 3, comprises an annular element 4 made from a prestressed brittle material, such as glass, which serves as a connecting element and associated with which is

a device 8 for initiating self-destruction of the element 4 as a result of inherent stress therein. The device 8 comprises a spike or punch 7 which is adapted to be propelled to engage with the element 4 and may be electrically triggered. In an alternative embodiment, the annular disc 13 (Figure 2) serves to block retaining pawls 9 from moving to a position permitting release of the coupling.

Fig. 1

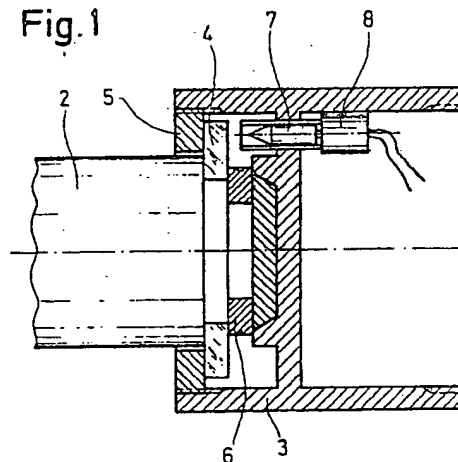
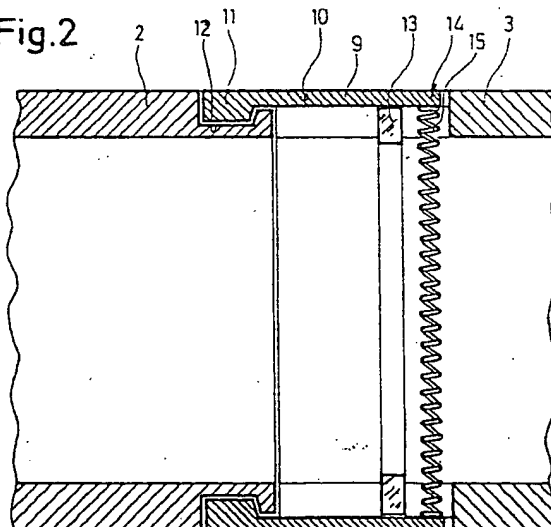


Fig. 2



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Fig.1

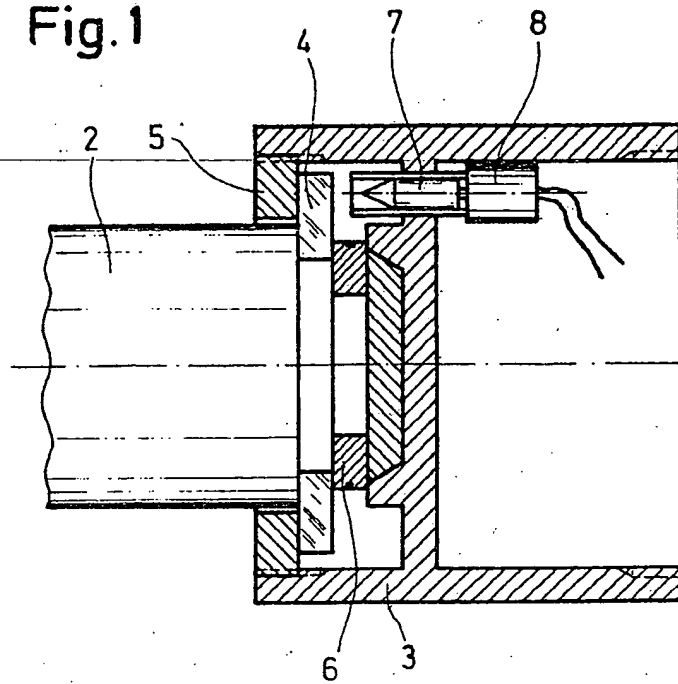
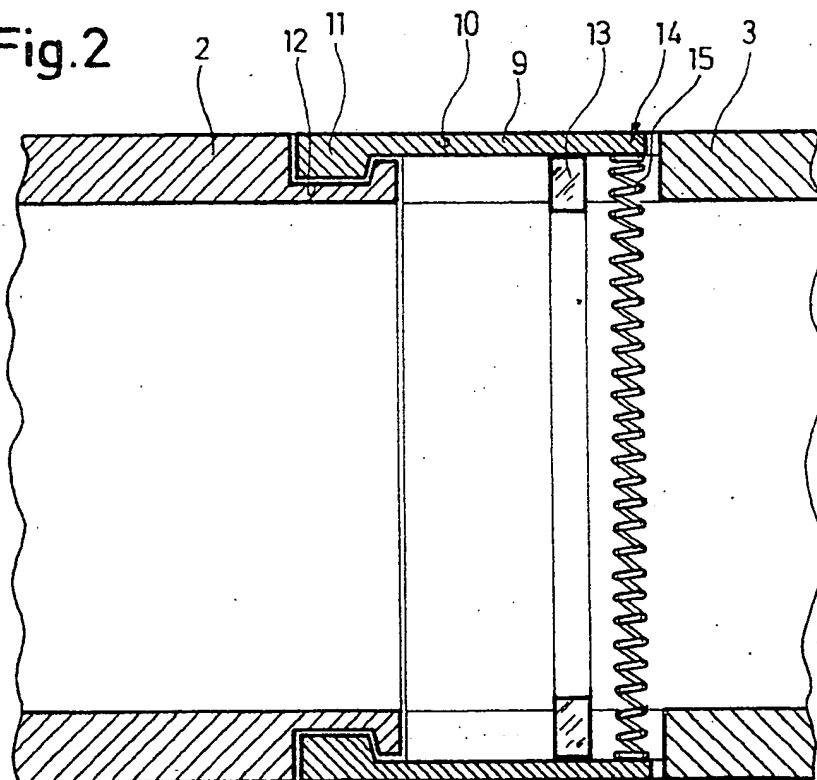


Fig.2



SPECIFICATION
A Releasable Connection Between Component
Parts, for example of a Flying Body

This invention relates to a releasable
 5 connection between components parts, for
 example of a flying body.

From "Jet Propulsion", Oct. 1956, Part 2,
 pages 145 *et seq.*, it is known to act on
 mechanical connecting elements, which can
 10 simultaneously serve as safety members, with the
 aid of gas pressure, produced by a pyrotechnical
 source of power, at a predetermined time, to eject
 said elements from the structure of which they
 form part or to draw said elements into the
 15 structure, in order thereby to release the original
 secure connection maintained between the
 component parts by the connecting elements, for
 any desired purpose. As applied to two-part or
 multi-part flying bodies, the preclusion of
 20 interference with the direction of flight by the
 ejection or drawing-in of such connecting
 elements is problematical.

The task of the present invention is, therefore,
 to develop a connection of the kind mentioned at
 25 the introduction hereof which is reliable, with
 simple design and small space requirement, and
 which in case of need is releasable in a
 particularly rapid manner, in a way which obviates
 ejection or drawing-in of connecting elements,
 30 and thus eliminates the need for providing devices
 for this purpose.

In accordance with the invention, this problem
 is solved in that it provides a releasable
 connection between two component parts, for
 35 example of a flying body, characterised in that it
 comprises an annular element made of
 prestressed glass or other brittle material and
 serving as a connecting element or as a blocking
 member for locking or retaining one or more
 40 connecting elements in their effective positions,
 and, associated with the annular element, a
 device, actuatable in case of need, for initiating
 self-destruction of said annular element as a result
 of inherent stress therein.

The sizes of the fragments into which the
 annular element, basically having a high strength,
 of glass or glass-like brittle material, completely
 disintegrates depends upon the degree of
 inherent stress therein, which may be thermally
 45 and/or chemically produced prestress. The
 disintegration is initiated by local mechanical
 overloading of the element or upon destruction of
 a prestressing layer thereof, for example by
 scratching the same. Examples of devices which
 50 are suitable for this purpose are, *inter alia*, a
 charge for the production of pressure gas or an
 impact spike or punch which is drivable by means
 of spring force or pressure gas.

The invention will be described further, by way
 60 of example, with reference to accompanying
 drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 is a fragmentary part-sectional side
 elevation illustrating a releasable connection
 between component parts of a flying body (e.g. of

65 a missile or space vehicle) such as a load-carrying
 nose and a propulsion unit; and

Fig. 2 is a part-sectional side elevation,
 comparable with Fig. 1, but illustrating a second
 embodiment.

70 Fig. 1 illustrates, diagrammatically, two
 components of a flying body, such as a missile or
 space vehicle, and illustrates the rear end of a
 load carrying nose or head 2, for example in the
 form of a warhead, and the front end 3 of a
 75 propulsion unit. The two components 2 and 3 are
 connected and held together by an annular
 element 4 made of prestressed glass or glass-like
 material, behind which there engage, at the side
 of the load-carrying tip 2, a radially-inwardly-
 80 extending annular collar 5 of the propulsion unit 3
 and, at the side of the latter, a radially-outwardly-
 extending annular collar 6 of the load-carrying tip
 2. Self-disintegration of the annular connecting
 element 4 can be initiated, at a predetermined
 85 point in time, by local mechanical overloading or
 by scratching of this annular connecting element
 4. Suitable for this purpose are devices, such as a
 charge for the production of pressure gas, or a
 spike or punch 7 which consists, for example, of
 90 ceramic material and which is actuatable by
 spring force or a pressure gas, for example from a
 source of pressure gas in the form of an ignition
 pallet 8.

In Fig. 2, releasable connection of the load-
 95 carrying tip 2 to the driving part 3 is achieved by a
 plurality of similar connecting elements 9
 distributed at spacings around the connection.
 The form of each connecting element 9 is that of
 a pawl which is mounted for rotation at 10. Each
 100 pawl-like element 9, when in its effective position,
 engages by a respective claw 11 into a recess 12
 at the rear end of the load-carrying tip 2. For
 locking or retaining the pawl (or pawls 9 in the
 illustrated operative position(s)) is an annular
 105 element 13 made from prestressed glass or glass-
 like material. This is arranged on the pawl
 between the point of rotation 10 and pawl end 14
 which is remote from the claw 11 and which is
 spring-loaded in the direction of the arrow 15,
 110 namely for the purposes of unlatching the claw
 11 from the recess 12 after disintegration of the
 annular blocking member 13. This disintegration
 can be initiated in the same way as in the case of
 the embodiment in accordance with Fig. 1.

115 Claims

1. A releasable connection between two
 component parts, for example of a flying body,
 characterised in that it comprises an annular
 element made of prestressed glass or other brittle
 120 material and serving as a connecting element or
 as a blocking member for retaining one or more
 connecting elements in their effective positions,
 and, associated with the annular element, a
 device, actuatable in case of need, for initiating
 self-destruction of said annular element as a
 125 result of inherent stress therein.

2. A releasable connection as claimed in claim
 1, characterised in that the device associated with

the annular element for initiating its self-destruction is a spike or punch which is actuatable by spring force or pneumatically.

- 5 3. A releasable connection as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that the device associated with the annular element for initiating its self-destruction comprises a charge for producing

pressure gas.

- 10 4. A releasable connection between two component parts, for example of a flying body, substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to and as illustrated in the accompanying drawing.